

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## Propylene carbonate

Revision Date:2025-03-08 Revision Number:1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## Product identifier

Product name : Propylene carbonate  
CBnumber : CB8852744  
CAS : 108-32-7  
EINECS Number : 203-572-1  
Synonyms : PC, Propylene carbonate

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

## Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 400-158-6606

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Warning

## Precautionary statements

P337+P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

## Hazard statements

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

## Substance

Product name	: Propylene carbonate
Synonyms	: PC, Propylene carbonate
CAS	: 108-32-7
EC number	: 203-572-1
MF	: C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
MW	: 102.09

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Combustible liquid. Combustible.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Risk of dust explosion.

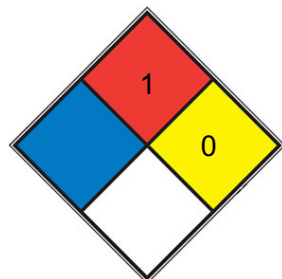
### Advice for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

### Further information

Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

### NFPA 704



■ HEALTH

Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion

■ FIRE 1 can occur. Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point at or above 93.3 °C (200 °F). (e.g. [mineral oil](#), ammonia)

■ REACT 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N2](#))

□ SPEC.

□ HAZ.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

### Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemisorb? ). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

### Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

For precautions see section 2.2.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Storage conditions

Tightly closed. Moisture sensitive.

### Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### control parameter

#### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

### Exposure controls

#### Personal protective equipment

##### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

##### Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Full contact

Material: Latex gloves

Minimum layer thickness: 0,6 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Lapren? (KCL 706 / Aldrich Z677558, Size M)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,4 mm Break through time: 120 min

Material tested: Camatril? (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M)

##### Body Protection

protective clothing

##### Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type: Filter type ABEK

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

#### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	colorless liquid, clear
Odour	fruity
Odour Threshold	No data available
pH	7 at 200 g/l at 20 °C
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -55 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	240 °C - lit.
Flash point	132 °C - closed cup
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 14,3 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 1,8 %(V)
Vapour pressure	0,17 hPa at 20 °C
Vapour density	No data available
Relative density	1.209 (20/4 °C)
Water solubility	175 g/l at 25 °C at 1.013 hPa - soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: -0,41 - Bioaccumulation is not expected.
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	350 °C, 240 kJ/kg -
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: >2,471 -< 2,54 mPa.s at 25 °C
Explosive properties	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	No data available
λmax	λ: 235 nm Amax: 1.00 λ: 280 nm Amax: 0.50 λ: 300 nm Amax: 0.30 λ: 350 nm Amax: 0.05 λ: 375-400 nm Amax: 0.01

### Other safety information

Dissociation constant 3,92 at 20 °C

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

A range from approx. 15 Kelvin below the flash point is to be rated as critical.

### **Chemical stability**

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### **Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Violent reactions possible with: Strong oxidizing agents

Strong acids

strong reducing agents Strong bases

### **Conditions to avoid**

Strong heating.

### **Incompatible materials**

various plastics

### **Hazardous decomposition products**

In the event of fire: see section 5

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### **Information on toxicological effects**

#### **Acute toxicity**

No data available

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - > 2.000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)

#### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation (OECD Test Guideline 404)

#### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Eyes - Rabbit Result: irritating

(OECD Test Guideline 405)

#### **Respiratory or skin sensitization**

No data available

#### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

No data available

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay Test system: rat hepatocytes

Method: OECD Test Guideline 482 Result: negative

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: S. typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

#### **Carcinogenicity**

No data available

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

#### **Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

#### **Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

#### **Toxicity**

LD50 orally in Rabbit: > 5000 mg/kg LD50 dermal Rabbit > 20000 mg/kg

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

#### **Toxicity to fish**

semi-static test LC50 - Cyprinus carpio (Carp) - > 1.000 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 203)

#### **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 1.000 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

#### **Toxicity to algae**

ErC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) - > 900 mg/l - 72 h  
(OECD Test Guideline 201)

#### **Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50 - Pseudomonas putida - > 10.000 mg/l - 17 h  
(DIN 38412)

Remarks: (IUCLID)

### **Persistence and degradability**

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 29 d

Result: 87,7 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301B)

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

### **Mobility in soil**

No data available

### **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and

very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### **Toxics Screening Level**

The current initial threshold screening level (ITSL) for propylene carbonate is 700 µg/m<sup>3</sup> based on an annual averaging time.

### **Other adverse effects**

No data available

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## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### **Waste treatment methods**

### **Product**

See [www.retrologistik.com](http://www.retrologistik.com) for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

### **Incompatibilities**

Propylene carbonate hydrolyzes rapidly in the presence of strong acids and bases, forming mainly propylene oxide and carbon dioxide.

Propylene carbonate can also react with primary and secondary amines to yield carbamates.

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **UN number**

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

### **UN proper shipping name**

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods IMDG: Not dangerous goods IATA: Not dangerous goods

### **Transport hazard class(es)**

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

### **Packaging group**

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

### **Special precautions for user**

### **Further information**

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### **Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**



## Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Not Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

## Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: <https://emb.gov.ph/>

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: <https://www.epa.gov/>

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

EC Inventory:Listed.

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

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## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

### References

【1】 CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>

【2】 ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>

【3】 ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

【4】 eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

[http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)

【5】 ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>

【6】 Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>

【7】 HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>

【8】 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>

【9】 IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>

【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.

