

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## Isobutyl acetate

Revision Date:2024-08-17 Revision Number:1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## Product identifier

Product name : Isobutyl acetate  
CBnumber : CB8852805  
CAS : 110-19-0  
EINECS Number : 203-745-1  
Synonyms : Isobutyl acetate,2-methylpropyl acetate

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

## Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 400-158-6606

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

## Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.  
P233 Keep container tightly closed.  
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.  
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.  
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... for extinction.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to.....

#### **Hazard statements**

H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

H303 May be harmful if swallowed

H320 Causes eye irritation

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H402 Harmful to aquatic life

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### **Substance**

Product name	: Isobutyl acetate
Synonyms	: Isobutyl acetate,2-methylpropyl acetate
CAS	: 110-19-0
EC number	: 203-745-1
MF	: C6H12O2
MW	: 116.16

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### **Description of first aid measures**

#### **General advice**

Consult a physician. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### **If inhaled**

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

#### **In case of skin contact**

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

#### **In case of eye contact**

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

#### **If swallowed**

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

### **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Dry powder Dry sand

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do NOT use water jet.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

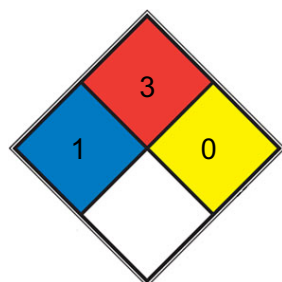
### Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

### Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

### NFPA 704



**HEALTH 1** Exposure would cause irritation with only minor residual injury (e.g. [acetone](#), sodium bromate, potassium chloride)

Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature

**FIRE 3** conditions . Liquids having a flash point below 22.8 °C (73 °F) and having a boiling point at or above 37.8 °C (100 °F) or having a flash point between 22.8 and 37.8 °C (73 and 100 °F). (e.g. gasoline, [acetone](#))

**REACT 0** Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N<sub>2</sub>](#))

SPEC.

HAZ.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

### **Environmental precautions**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### **Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

### **Reference to other sections**

For disposal see section 13.

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### **Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

For precautions see section 2.2.

### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store in cool place.

### **Specific end use(s)**

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### **control parameter**

#### **Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits**

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

### **Exposure controls**

#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### **Personal protective equipment**

##### **Eye/face protection**

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

##### **Skin protection**

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,4 mm Break through time: 30 min

Material tested: Camatril? (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the EC approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

#### Body Protection

Impervious clothing, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

#### Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

#### Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### Exposure limits

TLV-TWA 150 ppm (~700 mg/m<sup>3</sup>) (ACGIH, MSHA, and OSHA); IDLH 7500 ppm (NIOSH).

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	colorless clear, liquid
Odour	fruity
Odour Threshold	0.008ppm
pH	6,7 at ca.5 g/l at 20 °C
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -99 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	115 - 117 °C - lit.
Flash point	22 °C - Pensky-Martens closed cup - ISO 2719
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 10,5 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 1,3 %(V)
Vapour pressure	21 hPa at 20 °C
Vapour density	4,01 - (Air = 1.0)
Relative density	0,867 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 25 °C
Water solubility	5,6 g/l at 20 °C - OECD Test Guideline 105 - soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 2,3 at 25 °C - Bioaccumulation is not expected.
Autoignition temperature	430 °C at 1.019 hPa
Decomposition temperature	No data available

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Viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Henry's Law Constant	( $\times 10^{-4}$ atm $\cdot$ m <sup>3</sup> /mol): 4.85 at 25 °C (approximate - calculated from water solubility and vapor pressure)

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### Other safety information

Surface tension 62,5 mN/m at 1g/l at 20 °C

- OECD Test Guideline 115

Relative vapor density

4,01 - (Air = 1.0)

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

No data available

### Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

### Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

### Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases

### Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male - 13.413 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - male - > 17.400 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation (OECD Test Guideline 405)

### **Respiratory or skin sensitization**

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): chromosome aberration. Chinese hamster lung cells

Result: negative Ames test

S. typhimurium Result: negative

In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Chinese hamster lung cells

Result: negative

OECD Test Guideline 474

Mouse - male and female - Bone marrow Result: negative

### **Carcinogenicity**

IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

### **Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### **Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

No data available

### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

### **Additional Information**

Repeated dose toxicity - Rat - male and female - Oral - 92 Days - NOAEL (No observed adverse effect level) - 316 mg/kg

RTECS: AI4025000

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

After absorption of large quantities:

lack of appetite, Headache, narcosis

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

### **Toxicity**

LD50 orally in Rabbit: 13400 mg/kg LD50 dermal Rabbit > 17400 mg/kg

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

#### **Toxicity to fish**

semi-static test LC50 - *Oryzias latipes* - 17 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 203)

#### **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

semi-static test EC50 - *Daphnia magna* (Water flea) - 25 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

#### **Toxicity to algae**

static test ErC50 - *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae) - 397 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

### **Persistence and degradability**

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 20 d

Result: 81 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301D)

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

### **Mobility in soil**

No data available

### **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### **Other adverse effects**

Harmful to aquatic life.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### **Waste treatment methods**

#### **Product**

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the Directive on waste 2008/98/EC as well as other national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself.

#### **Incompatibilities**

All butyl acetates are incompatible with nitrates, strong oxidizers; strong alkalis; strong acids. Butyl acetates may form explosive mixture with air; reacts with water, on standing, to form acetic acid and n-butyl alcohol. Violent reaction with strong oxidizers and potassium-tert-butoxide.

#### **Waste Disposal**

Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. All federal, state, and local environmental regulations must be observed.

#### **Contaminated packaging**

Dispose of as unused product.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

### **UN number**

ADR/RID: 1213 IMDG: 1213



## UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: ISOBUTYL ACETATE IMDG: ISOBUTYL ACETATE IATA: Isobutyl acetate

## Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 IMDG: 3 IATA: 3

## Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

## Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

## Special precautions for user

No data available

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

EC Inventory:Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: <https://www.epa.gov/>

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: <https://emb.gov.ph/>

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

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## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

## References

- 【1】 CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>
- 【2】 ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>
- 【3】 ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>
- 【4】 eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:  
[http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)
- 【5】 ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>
- 【6】 Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>
- 【7】 HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>
- 【8】 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>
- 【9】 IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>
- 【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.