# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# DEUTERIUM

Revision Date:2024-07-06 Revision Number:1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# **Product identifier**

Product name	: DEUTERIUM	
CBnumber	: CB8495776	
CAS	: 7782-39-0	
EINECS Number	: 231-952-7	
Synonyms	: D2,DEUTERIUM	
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Relevant identified uses of the s	substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Relevant identified uses of the s	: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.	
	-	

Company	: Chemicalbook
Address	: Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing
Telephone	: 400-158-6606

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable gases, Category 1A, Flammable gas

### Label elements

# Pictogram(s)

Signal word

Danger

### Hazard statement(s)

H220 Extremely flammable gas

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

# Precautionary statement(s)

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

P377 Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

P381 Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

# Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

### Response

P377 Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

P381 In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

### Storage

P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

### Disposal

none

### Other hazards

no data available

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance

Product name	: DEUTERIUM
Synonyms	: D2,DEUTERIUM
CAS	: 7782-39-0
EC number	: 231-952-7
MF	: D2
MW	: 4.03

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

# lf inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately.

Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Excerpt from ERG Guide 115 [Gases - Flammable (Including Refrigerated Liquids)]: Vapors may cause dizziness or asphyxiation without warning. Some may be irritating if inhaled at high concentrations. Contact with gas or liquefied gas may cause burns, severe injury and/or frostbite. Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases. (ERG, 2016)

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### **Extinguishing media**

If material on fire or involved in fire: Do not extinguish fire unless flow can be stopped. Use water in flooding quantities as fog. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water. Apply water from as far a distance as possible.

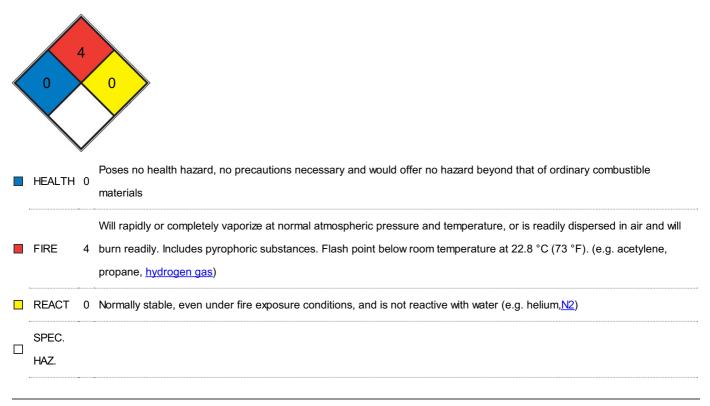
### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Excerpt from ERG Guide 115 [Gases - Flammable (Including Refrigerated Liquids)]: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Will form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors from liquefied gas are initially heavier than air and spread along ground. CAUTION: Hydrogen (UN1049), Deuterium (UN1957), Hydrogen, refrigerated liquid (UN1966) and Methane (UN1971) are lighter than air and will rise. Hydrogen and Deuterium fires are difficult to detect since they burn with an invisible flame. Use an alternate method of detection (thermal camera, broom handle, etc.) Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Cylinders exposed to fire may vent and release flammable gas through pressure relief devices. Containers may explode when heated. Ruptured cylinders may rocket. (ERG, 2016)

#### Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.





# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people

away from and upwind of spill/leak.

### **Environmental precautions**

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use sparkproof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Never use cylinders of deuterium in areas where flames, excessive heat or sparks may occur. Utilize only explosion proof equipment and spark proof tools in areas where deuterium is handled.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational Exposure limit values**

no data available

### Biological limit values

no data available

#### **Exposure controls**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the riskelimination area.

#### Individual protection measures

#### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

#### Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

#### Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# Information on basic physicochemical properties

Physical state	gas
Colour	COLORLESS GAS
Odour	Odorless
Melting point/freezing point	-254°C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and	-249.5°C(lit.)
boiling range	
Flammability	no data available
Lower and upper explosion	LOWER: 5%; UPPER: 75% (% BY VOLUME)
limit/flammability limit	
Flash point	<-150°C
Auto-ignition temperature	1085 DEG F
Decomposition temperature	no data available
рН	no data available
Kinematic viscosity	no data available
Solubility	SLIGHTLY SOL IN COLD WATER
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	no data available
Vapour pressure	17.14 kPa
Density and/or relative density	0.169g/mLat 25°C(lit.)
Relative vapour density	0.07 (vs air)
Particle characteristics	no data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# Reactivity

no data available

# **Chemical stability**

no data available

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Very dangerous fire and explosion hazard when exposed to heat, flame, sparks and oxidizers.Deuterium, like hydrogen, is a reducing agent; reacts readily with oxidizing agents.

### **Conditions to avoid**

no data available

# Incompatible materials

Explosive when mixed with air, oxygen ... hydrogen

# Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# Acute toxicity

- Oral: no data available
- Inhalation: no data available
- Dermal: no data available

# Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

# Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

# Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

### Carcinogenicity

no data available

# **Reproductive toxicity**

no data available

### STOT-single exposure

no data available

# STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

### Aspiration hazard

no data available

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

### Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: no data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available

Toxicity to algae: no data available

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

### Persistence and degradability

no data available

#### Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

# Mobility in soil

no data available

### Other adverse effects

no data available

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **UN Number**

ADR/RID: UN1957 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: UN1957 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: UN1957 (For reference only, please check.)

### **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: DEUTERIUM, COMPRESSED (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: DEUTERIUM, COMPRESSED (For reference only, please check.) IATA: DEUTERIUM, COMPRESSED (For reference only, please check.)

# Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 2.1 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: 2.1 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: 2.1 (For reference only, please check.)

# Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: (For reference only, please check.)

### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: No

IMDG: No

IATA: No

# Special precautions for user

no data available

### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) Listed. **EC Inventory** Listed. United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Listed. China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015 Listed. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Listed. PICCS Listed. **Vietnam National Chemical Inventory** Not Listed. IECSC Listed. Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL) Listed. **SECTION 16: Other information** 

# Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?

pageID=0&request\_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

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