

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## Benzotrichloride

Revision Date:2024-03-16 Revision Number:1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## Product identifier

Product name : Benzotrichloride  
CBnumber : CB6339243  
CAS : 98-07-7  
EINECS Number : 202-634-5  
Synonyms : Benzotrichloride,(trichloromethyl)benzene

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

## Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 400-158-6606

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

## Precautionary statements

P405 Store locked up.  
P320 Specific treatment is urgent (see ... on this label).  
P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continuerinsing.  
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

**Hazard statements**

H350 May cause cancer

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H331 Toxic if inhaled

H330 Fatal if inhaled

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H315 Causes skin irritation

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H302 Harmful if swallowed

**Disposal**

WARNING.Cancer - <https://oehha.ca.gov/proposition-65/chemicals/benzotrichloride>

---

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance**

Product name	: Benzotrichloride
Synonyms	: Benzotrichloride,(trichloromethyl)benzene
CAS	: 98-07-7
EC number	: 202-634-5
MF	: C7H5Cl3
MW	: 195.47

---

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

**Description of first aid measures****General advice**

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

**If inhaled**

After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call in physician. If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

**In case of skin contact**

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Consult a physician.

**In case of eye contact**

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

**If swallowed**

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

No data available

---

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Hydrogen chloride gas Combustible.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Risk of dust explosion.

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

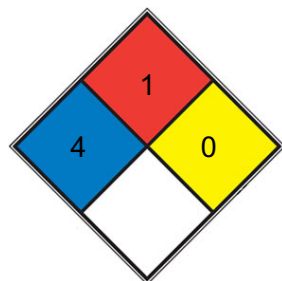
### Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

### Further information

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

### NFPA 704



**HEALTH 4** Very short exposure could cause death or major residual injury (e.g. hydrogen cyanide, phosgene, methyl isocyanate, [hydrofluoric acid](#))

**FIRE 1** Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion can occur. Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point at or above 93.3 °C (200 °F). (e.g. [mineral oil](#), ammonia)

**REACT 0** Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N<sub>2</sub>](#))

**SPEC.**

**HAZ.**

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains.

### **Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material (e.g.

Chemisorb?). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

### **Reference to other sections**

For disposal see section 13.

---

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Advice on safe handling**

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

#### **Hygiene measures**

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

#### **Storage conditions**

Tightly closed. Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

Moisture sensitive.

#### **Specific end use(s)**

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

---

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### **control parameter**

#### **Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits**

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

#### **Exposure controls**

#### **Personal protective equipment**

### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

### Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Full contact

Material: Fluorinated rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Vitoject? (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,2 mm Break through time: 49 min

Material tested: Dermatrill? P (KCL 743 / Aldrich Z677388, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the EC approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

### Body Protection

protective clothing

### Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type: Filter type ABEK

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

---

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	light yellow clear, liquid
Odour	pungent
Odour Threshold	No data available
pH	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -7,5 - -7 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	219 - 223 °C at 1.013 hPa - lit. 90 - 91 °C at 20 hPa - lit.
Flash point	109 °C - closed cup
Evaporation rate	No data available

Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 6,5 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 2,1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	3 hPa at 55 °C 0,3 hPa at 20 °C
Vapour density	6,75 - (Air = 1.0)
Relative density	1,38 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 25 °C - lit. No data available
Water solubility	alcohol: soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition temperature	211 °C at 1.013 hPa
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: 2,4 mPa.s at 20 °C
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available

### Other safety information

Relative vapor density  
6,75 - (Air = 1.0)

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.  
A range from approx. 15 Kelvin below the flash point is to be rated as critical.

### Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

### Conditions to avoid

Strong heating.

### Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - female - 1.590 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 401)

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - 5 mg/l (Expert judgment)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - 5 mg/l (Expert judgment)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Symptoms: Inhalation may lead to the formation of oedemas in the respiratory tract., mucosal irritations, Cough, Shortness of breath, Possible damages:, damage of respiratory tract

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 4.000 mg/kg Remarks: Behavioral:Excitement.

Liver:Other changes.

Prolonged skin contact may cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. (RTECS)

#### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Causes skin irritation. Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

#### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Causes serious eye damage. Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

#### **Respiratory or skin sensitization**

(OECD Test Guideline 429)

#### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Escherichia coli/Salmonella typhimurium Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: positive

Remarks: (National Toxicology Program)

#### **Carcinogenicity**

No data available

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

#### **Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

May cause respiratory irritation. - Skin, Lungs

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

#### **Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

No data available

#### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

#### **Toxicity**

LD50 orally in rats: 6.0 g/kg (Smyth)

---

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

#### **Toxicity to fish**

LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 6 mg/l - 96 h Remarks: (External MSDS)

#### **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 100 mg/l - 48 h Remarks: (Lit.)

#### **Toxicity to bacteria**

microtox test EC50 - Photobacterium phosphoreum - 17,83 mg/l - 30 min

Remarks: (IUCLID)

#### **Persistence and degradability**

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 7 d

Result: 97 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301E)

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

#### **Mobility in soil**

No data available

#### **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **Other adverse effects**

Biological effects:

Forms corrosive mixtures with water even if diluted. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

---

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### **Waste treatment methods**

##### **Incompatibilities**

Benzotrichloride decomposes on heating, on contact with acids and/or water, producing toxic and corrosive hydrogen chloride and benzoic acid. Reacts violently with strong oxidizers, iron and other metals, alkali and earth alkali metals; bases and organic substances.

##### **Product**

See [www.retrologistik.com](http://www.retrologistik.com) for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

##### **Waste Disposal**

Incineration with flammable solvent added in incinerator with afterburner and alkaline scrubber.

---

## SECTION 14: Transport information

#### **UN number**

ADR/RID: 2226 IMDG: 2226 IATA: 2226



## UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: BENZOTRICHLORIDE IMDG: BENZOTRICHLORIDE		
IATA: Benzotrichloride		
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	ADR/RID: 8 IMDG: 8	IATA: 8
14.4	Packaging group	
	ADR/RID: II IMDG: II	IATA: II
14.5	Environmental hazards	
	ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no	IATA: no
14.6	Special precautions for user	
	No data available	

---

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015: Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory: Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory: Listed. website: <https://www.epa.gov/>

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS): Listed. website: <https://emb.gov.ph/>

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL): Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS): Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

EC Inventory: Listed.

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC): Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

---

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit

TWA: Time Weighted Average

## References

- 【1】 CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>
- 【2】 ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>
- 【3】 ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>
- 【4】 eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:  
[http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)
- 【5】 ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>
- 【6】 Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>
- 【7】 HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>
- 【8】 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>
- 【9】 IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>
- 【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

## Other Information

Combustible vapour/air mixtures difficult to ignite, may be developed under certain conditions. The occupational exposure limit value should not be exceeded during any part of the working exposure. Depending on the degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is suggested. Refer for medical attention if breathing difficulties and/or fever develop.

### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.