# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# 4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate

Revision Date: 2025-02-01 Revision Number: 1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **Product identifier**

Product name : 4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate

 CBnumber
 : CB8117582

 CAS
 : 101-68-8

 EINECS Number
 : 202-966-0

 Synonyms
 : MDI,methylene

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

Uses advised against : none

#### **Company Identification**

Company : Chemicalbook

Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing

Telephone : 400-158-6606

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word Danger

#### Precautionary statements

P501 Dispose of contents/container to.....

P405 Store locked up.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P342+P311 IF experiencing respiratory symptoms: call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P307+P311 IF exposed: call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P284 Wear respiratory protection.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 Wash skin thouroughly after handling.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

#### **Hazard statements**

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H370 Causes damage to organs

H351 Suspected of causing cancer

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H330 Fatal if inhaled

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H315 Causes skin irritation

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Substance**

Product name : 4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate

Synonyms : MDI,methylene

CAS : 101-68-8

EC number : 202-966-0

MF : C15H10N2O2

MW : 250.25

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

## If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Consult a physician.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **Extinguishing media**

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Foam Water

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Combustible.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

#### Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

#### **Further information**

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

#### **NFPA 704**

FIRE



Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. <u>diethyl</u>
HEALTH 2

<u>ether</u>, ammonium phosphate, iodine)

Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion

1 can occur. Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point

Chemical Book

3

	REACT	1	Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures (e.g. <u>propene</u> )
	SPEC.		
	HAZ.		

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Avoid inhalation of dusts. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area. Avoid generation of dusts.

#### Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

## Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture.

#### Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage conditions

Tightly closed. Dry. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

#### Storage stability

Recommended storage temperature

-20 °C

Handle and store under inert gas. Moisture sensitive. Heat sensitive.

#### Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### control parameter

#### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

#### **Exposure controls**

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 120 min Material tested:Butoject? (KCL 898)

Body Protection protective clothing

Respiratory protection

Recommended Filter type: Filter B-(P3)

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

#### **Exposure limits**

TLV-TWA 0.051 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (0.005 ppm) (ACGIH and NIOSH); ceiling (air) 0.204 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (0.02 ppm)/10 min (NIOSH and OSHA); IDLH 102 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (10 ppm).

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	white crystalline
Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	No data available
рН	No data available

Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: 38 - 42 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	200 °C at 7 hPa - lit.
Flash point	211 °C - closed cup - Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.9
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	0.4%(V)
limits	
Vapour pressure	0.066 hPa (20 °C)
Vapour density	No data available
Relative density	1,18 g/mL at 25 °C - lit. 1,32 at 20 °C
Water solubility	2g/l (decomposition)
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow. 4,51 at 22 °C - Potential bioaccumulation
Autoignition temperature	>601 °C at 1.013 hPa
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available

## Other safety information

No data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## Reactivity

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

A range from approx. 15 Kelvin below the flash point is to be rated as critical.

The following applies in general to flammable organic substances and mixtures: in correspondingly fine distribution, when whirled up a dust explosion potential may generally be assumed.

## **Chemical stability**

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

## Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reactions possible with:

Water alkalines Alcohols Amines acids

## Conditions to avoid

Strong heating.

## Incompatible materials

nonferrous metals, Copper, Copper alloys, Mild steel, Zinc

## Hazardous decomposition products

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - 4.130 mg/kg

Remarks: (RTECS)

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - 1,5 mg/l (Expert judgment) LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - > 9.000 mg/kg Remarks: (External MSDS)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Remarks: (HSDB)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: S. typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.13.

Result: negative

Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test Species: Rat

Application Route: Inhalation

Method: Mutagenicity (micronucleus test) Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Inhalation - May cause respiratory irritation. - Respiratory system

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Inhalation - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. - Respiratory system

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Aspiration hazard

No data available

**Toxicity** 

LD50 orally in Rabbit: > 5000 mg/kg LD50 dermal Rabbit > 9000 mg/kg

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

No data available

## Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Cyprinus carpio (Carp) - 28 d

- 0,0008 mg/l(diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 92

## Mobility in soil

No data available

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **Toxics Screening Level**

The initial threshold screening level (ITSL) for methylene diphenyl diisocyanate is 0.6 µg/m3 based on an annual averaging time.

#### Other adverse effects

Do not empty into drains.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### Waste treatment methods

#### Incompatibilities

Incompatible with oxidizers; contact may cause fires or explosions. Incompatible with amines, aldehydes, alkali metals, ammonia, carboxylic acids, caprolactum, alkaline materials, glycols, ketones, mercaptans, hydrides, organotin catalysts, phenols, strong acids, strong bases, strong reducing agents such as hydrides, urethanes, ureas.

#### **Product**

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

#### Waste Disposal

Controlled incineration (oxides of nitrogen are removed from the effluent gas by scrubbers and/or thermal devices).

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **UN** number

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

#### **UN proper shipping name**

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods IMDG: Not dangerous goods IATA: Not dangerous goods

#### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

## **Packaging group**

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

#### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

#### Special precautions for user

No data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: https://www.mee.gov.cn/

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/

EC Inventory:Listed.

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

[1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

[2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

[3] ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

[4] eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

[5] ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

[6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

[7] HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

[8] IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

[9] IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

[10] Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

#### Other Information

The symptoms of asthma often do not become manifest until a few hours have passed and they are aggravated by physical effort. Rest and medical observation are therefore essential. Anyone who has shown symptoms of asthma due to this substance should avoid all further contact with this substance. MDI may sensitize workers so that they react to other isocyanates (asthma). Do NOT take working clothes home.

#### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.