

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## 1-Chlorobutane

Revision Date:2025-03-01 Revision Number:1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## Product identifier

Product name : 1-Chlorobutane  
CBnumber : CB5314609  
CAS : 109-69-3  
EINECS Number : 203-696-6  
Synonyms : 1-Chlorobutane,N-Butyl chloride

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

## Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 400-158-6606

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

## Precautionary statements

P501 Dispose of contents/container to....  
P405 Store locked up.  
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... for extinction.  
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.  
P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/.../equipment.  
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.  
P233 Keep container tightly closed.  
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.  
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

#### **Hazard statements**

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects  
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child  
H320 Causes eye irritation  
H315 Causes skin irritation  
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
H303 May be harmful if swallowed  
H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### **Substance**

Product name	: 1-Chlorobutane
Synonyms	: 1-Chlorobutane,N-Butyl chloride
CAS	: 109-69-3
EC number	: 203-696-6
MF	: C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> Cl
MW	: 92.57

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### **Description of first aid measures**

#### **General advice**

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### **If inhaled**

After inhalation: fresh air.

#### **In case of skin contact**

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

#### **In case of eye contact**

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses.

#### **If swallowed**

After swallowing: caution if victim vomits. Risk of aspiration! Keep airways free. Pulmonary failure possible after aspiration of vomit. Call a physician immediately.

## Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Foam Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Hydrogen chloride gas Combustible.

Pay attention to flashback.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

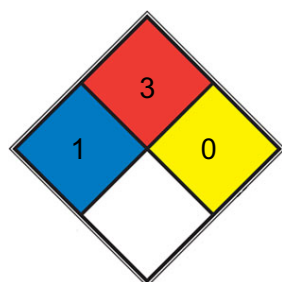
### Advice for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

### Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

### NFPA 704



**HEALTH** 1 Exposure would cause irritation with only minor residual injury (e.g. [acetone](#), sodium bromate, potassium chloride)

Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature

**FIRE** 3 conditions. Liquids having a flash point below 22.8 °C (73 °F) and having a boiling point at or above 37.8 °C (100 °F) or having a flash point between 22.8 and 37.8 °C (73 and 100 °F). (e.g. gasoline, [acetone](#))

**REACT** 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N<sub>2</sub>](#))

SPEC.

HAZ.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

### **Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material (e.g.

Chemisorb?). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

### **Reference to other sections**

For disposal see section 13.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

### **Advice on protection against fire and explosion**

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

### **Hygiene measures**

Change contaminated clothing. Wash hands after working with substance. For precautions see section 2.2.

### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

### **Storage conditions**

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

### **Specific end use(s)**

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### **control parameter**

### **Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits**

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

## Exposure controls

### Personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

#### Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other

substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Full contact Material: Viton?

Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Vitoject? (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Splash contact Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 10 min

Material tested: Butoject? (KCL 898)

#### Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

Recommended Filter type: Filter A (acc. to DIN 3181) for vapours of organic compounds

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

#### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	colorless clear
Odour	stinging
Odour Threshold	No data available
pH	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -123 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	77 - 78 °C - lit.
Flash point	-12 °C at ca.1.013,25 hPa - closed cup - Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.9
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 10,1 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 1,8 %(V)
Vapour pressure	120,6 hPa at 20 °C - OECD Test Guideline 104
Vapour density	3,2 - (Air = 1.0)
Relative density	0,886 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 25 °C - lit. 0,88 at 20 °C
Water solubility	ca.0,11 g/l at 20 °C - OECD Test Guideline 105- partly soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 2,66 at 20 °C - OECD Test Guideline 107 - Bioaccumulation is not expected.
Autoignition temperature	245 °C at 1.013,25 hPa
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available

### Other safety information

Surface tension 63,2 mN/m at 0,1g/l at 20 °C

- OECD Test Guideline 115

Relative vapor density

3,2 - (Air = 1.0)

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

### Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion with:

Alkali metals Alkaline earth metals sodium amide

Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with: Oxidizing agents

Powdered light metals

### Conditions to avoid

Warming.

### Incompatible materials

various plastics, Light metals

### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - 2.200 mg/kg

Remarks: (RTECS)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male and female - 4 h - > 7,74 mg/l (OECD Test Guideline 403)

Dermal

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation (OECD Test Guideline 405)

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Buehler Test - Guinea pig Result: negative

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow Application Route: Intraperitoneal Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative

#### Carcinogenicity

No data available

#### Reproductive toxicity

##### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

##### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

#### Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Toxicity

LD50 orally in rats: 2.67 g/kg (Smyth)

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### Toxicity

#### Toxicity to fish

semi-static test LC50 - Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish) - ca. 75,6 mg/l

- 96 h

(OECD Test Guideline 203)

#### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 452 mg/l - 48 h (Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.2)

#### Toxicity to algae

static test ErC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) - > 450 mg/l - 72 h

(Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.3)

#### Toxicity to bacteria

static test EC50 - activated sludge - > 1.000 mg/l - 3 h (OECD Test Guideline 209)

### Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 28 d

Result: 47,2 % - Not readily biodegradable. (ISO 10708)

### Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Cyprinus carpio (Carp) - 6 Weeks

at 25 °C - 0,5 mg/l(1-chlorobutane)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 7,6 - 21 (OECD Test Guideline 305C)

### Mobility in soil

No data available

### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### Toxics Screening Level

The initial threshold screening level (ITSL) for n-butyl chloride is 1500 µg/m<sup>3</sup> based on an annual averaging time

### Other adverse effects

No data available

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### Waste treatment methods

### Incompatibilities



Water contact slowly forms hydrochloric acid. Incompatible with oxidizers (chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, permanganates, perchlorates, chlorine, bromine, fluorine, etc.); contact may cause fires or explosions. Keep away from alkaline materials, strong bases, strong acids, oxoacids, epoxides, alkaline earth, and alkali metals; finely divided metal.

## Product

See [www.retrologistik.com](http://www.retrologistik.com) for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

## Waste Disposal

Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. All federal, state, and local environmental regulations must be observed.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

### UN number

ADR/RID: 1127 IMDG: 1127

### UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: CHLOROBUTANES IMDG: CHLOROBUTANES IATA: Chlorobutanes

### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 IMDG: 3 IATA: 3

### Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

### Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

### Special precautions for user

No data available

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: <https://www.epa.gov/>

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

EC Inventory:Listed.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

### References

- 【1】 CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>
- 【2】 ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>
- 【3】 ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>
- 【4】 eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: [http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)
- 【5】 ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>
- 【6】 Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>
- 【7】 HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>
- 【8】 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>
- 【9】 IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>
- 【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

#### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.