

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## 1,2-Dichloroethane

Revision Date:2024-06-29 Revision Number:1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## Product identifier

Product name : 1,2-Dichloroethane  
CBnumber : CB7295478  
CAS : 107-06-2  
EINECS Number : 203-458-1  
Synonyms : DCE,EDC

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

## Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 400-158-6606

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

## Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.  
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.  
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continuerinsing.  
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... for extinction.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

#### **Hazard statements**

H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H331 Toxic if inhaled

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H350 May cause cancer

H370 Causes damage to organs

#### **Disposal**

WARNING.Cancer - <https://oehha.ca.gov/proposition-65/chemicals/ethylene-dichloride-1,2-dichloroethane>

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### **Substance**

Product name : 1,2-Dichloroethane

Synonyms : DCE,EDC

CAS : 107-06-2

EC number : 203-458-1

MF : C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>

MW : 98.96

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### **Description of first aid measures**

#### **General advice**

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor

#### **If inhaled**

After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call in physician. If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

#### **In case of skin contact**

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Consult a physician.

#### **In case of eye contact**

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### **If swallowed**

After swallowing: caution if victim vomits. Risk of aspiration! Keep airways free. Pulmonary failure possible after aspiration of vomit. Call a physician immediately.

### **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Hydrogen chloride gas Combustible.

Pay attention to flashback.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Risk of dust explosion.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

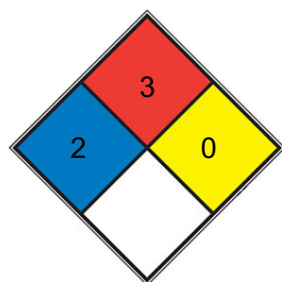
### Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

### Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

### NFPA 704



■ HEALTH 2 Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. [diethyl ether](#), ammonium phosphate, iodine)

■ FIRE 3 Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions . Liquids having a flash point below 22.8 °C (73 °F) and having a boiling point at or above 37.8 °C (100 °F) or having a flash point between 22.8 and 37.8 °C (73 and 100 °F). (e.g. gasoline, [acetone](#))

■ REACT 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N<sub>2</sub>](#))

□ SPEC.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

### **Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material (e.g.

Chemizorb?). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

### **Reference to other sections**

For disposal see section 13.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Advice on safe handling**

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

#### **Advice on protection against fire and explosion**

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### **Hygiene measures**

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

#### **Storage conditions**

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

#### **Specific end use(s)**

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### control parameter

#### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

### Exposure controls

#### Personal protective equipment

##### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

##### Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Full contact Material: Viton?

Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Vitoject? (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Splash contact Material: Chloroprene

Minimum layer thickness: 0,65 mm Break through time: 10 min

Material tested: KCL 720 Camapren?

##### Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

##### Respiratory protection

Recommended Filter type: Filter A (acc. to DIN 3181) for vapours of organic compounds

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

##### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

#### Exposure limits

TLV-TWA 10 ppm (~40 mg/m<sup>3</sup>) (ACGIH), 1 ppm (NIOSH), 50 ppm (MSHA and OSHA); ceiling 2 ppm/15 min (NIOSH); carcinogenicity: Animal Sufficient Evidence, Human Limited Evidence (IARC).

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance colorless viscous liquid

Odour of solvents

Odour Threshold	3 ppm
pH	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -35 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	83 °C - lit.
Flash point	ca.13 °C - closed cup - DIN 51755 Part 1
Evaporation rate	4,1
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 15,9 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 6 %(V)
Vapour pressure	87 hPa at 20 °C 102 hPa at 25 °C
Vapour density	4,1 at 20 °C
Relative density	1,256 g/mL at 25 °C - lit. No data available
Water solubility	7,9 g/l at 25 °C - OECD Test Guideline 105- soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 1,45 at 20 °C - Bioaccumulation is not expected.
Autoignition temperature	440 °C at 1.013 hPa - DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature	300 °C -
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: 0,83 mPa.s at 20 °C
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Henry's Law Constant	11.24 at 30 °C (headspace-GC, Sanz et al., 1997)

### Other safety information

Surface tension 32,45 mN/m at 20 °C

Relative vapor density

4,1 at 20 °C

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

### Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with: Alkaline earth metals alkali amides

Nitric acid nitrogen oxides Oxidizing agents Chlorine

powdered magnesium Zinc

Risk of explosion with:

Alkali metals powdered aluminium Powdered metals Potassium

nitrogen dioxide

## Conditions to avoid

Warming.

## Incompatible materials

various plastics, Light metals, Iron

## Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

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# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male - 770 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male and female - 4 h - 7,8 mg/l (OECD Test Guideline 403)

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - male - 4.890 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit Result: irritating

(OECD Test Guideline 404)

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit Result: Eye irritation

(OECD Test Guideline 405)

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

(OECD Test Guideline 429)

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: *S. typhimurium*

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Result: positive

Remarks: (ECHA) Test Type: Ames test

Test system: *Escherichia coli*

Metabolic activation: without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: positive

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Test system: human lymphoblastoid cells

Metabolic activation: without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: positive

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Test system: human lymphoblastoid cells

Metabolic activation: without metabolic activation Result: positive

Remarks: (ECHA)

Test Type: Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): chromosome aberration. Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Result: positive

Remarks: (ECHA)

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay Test system: rat hepatocytes

Metabolic activation: without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 482

Result: positive

Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): micronucleus. Species: Mouse

Cell type: Red blood cells (erythrocytes) Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay Species: Rat

Cell type: mammary gland Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative Remarks: (ECHA)

Species: Drosophila melanogaster Cell type: sperm

Application Route: Inhalation Method: OECD Test Guideline 477 Result: positive

Test Type: Transgenic rodent somatic cell gene mutation assay Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal Result: negative

Remarks: (ECHA)

### **Carcinogenicity**

No data available

### **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

### **Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

May cause respiratory irritation.

### **Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

No data available

### **Aspiration hazard**

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

### **Toxicity**

LD50 orally in rats: 770 mg/kg (Smyth)

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

#### **Toxicity to fish**

flow-through test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 136 mg/l - 96 h

(OECD Test Guideline 203)

#### **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 160 mg/l - 48 h Remarks: (in soft water)

(IUCLID)

#### **Toxicity to algae**

static test EC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) - 166 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

#### **Toxicity to bacteria**

static test EC50 - activated sludge - 35.500 mg/l - 3 h (OECD Test Guideline 209)



## Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 20 d

Result: > 90 % - Inherently biodegradable. Remarks: (ECHA)

## Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation *Lepomis macrochirus* - 14 d

at 16 °C - 0,957 mg/l(1,2-Dichloroethane)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2

## Mobility in soil

No data available

## Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## Other adverse effects

No data available

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### Waste treatment methods

#### Product

See [www.retrologistik.com](http://www.retrologistik.com) for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

#### Incompatibilities

May form explosive mixture with air. Reacts violently with strong oxidizers and caustics; chemically active metals, such as magnesium or aluminum powder, sodium and potassium; alkali metals; alkali amides; liquid ammonia. Decomposes to vinyl chloride and HCl above 600°C.

Attacks plastics, rubber, coatings. Attacks many metals in presence of water.

#### Waste Disposal

Incineration, preferably after mixing with another combustible fuel. Care must be exercised to assure complete combustion to prevent the formation of phosgene. An acid scrubber is necessary to remove the halo acids produced

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

### UN number

ADR/RID: 1184 IMDG: 1184 IATA: 1184

### UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE IMDG: ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE

IATA: Ethylene dichloride

14.3	Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID: 3 (6.1) IMDG: 3 (6.1)	IATA: 3 (6.1)
14.4	Packaging group ADR/RID: II IMDG: II	IATA: II
14.5	Environmental hazards ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no	IATA: no
14.6	Special precautions for user No data available	

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: <https://www.epa.gov/>

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: <https://emb.gov.ph/>

EC Inventory:Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

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## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

### References

[1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>

- 【2】 ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>
- 【3】 ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>
- 【4】 eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:  
[http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)
- 【5】 ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>
- 【6】 Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>
- 【7】 HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>
- 【8】 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>
- 【9】 IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>
- 【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

## Other Information

Depending on the degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is suggested. The symptoms of lung oedema often do not become manifest until a few hours have passed and they are aggravated by physical effort. Rest and medical observation are therefore essential.

### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.