SAFETY DATA SHEETS



According to the UN GHS revision 9

Version: 1.0 Creation Date: July 15, 2019 Revision Date: July 15, 2019

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 GHS Product identifier

Product name 3,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ene

1.2 Other means of identification

Product number

Other names 3-Carene; 3-Carene, stabilized;

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses Industrial and scientific research use.

Uses advised against no data available

1.4 Supplier's details

Company Jiangxi GreeN® Spices Co.,Ltd.

Address Building15#,Xinghai Gardon,TianLi Square,QingYuan District,

Ji'An City, Jiang Xi Province

Telephone (+86)0796-8287629

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids, Category 3 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Skin irritation, Category 2 Skin sensitization, Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 3

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)







Signal word

Hazard statement(s) H226 Flammable liquid and vapour

Danger

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 Causes skin irritation

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statement(s)

Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/...] equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection/hearing protection/...

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower].

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... to extinguish.

P301+P316 IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P332+P317 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P333+P317 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal

facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product

characteristics at time of disposal.

2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Storage

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number	Concentration
3,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[4.1.0]hept- 3-ene	3,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[4.1.0]hept- 3-ene	13466-78-9	236-719-3	100%

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Inhalation causes headache, confusion, respiratory distress. Ingestion irritates entire digestive system and may injure kidneys; if liquid enters lungs, it causes severe pneumonitis. Contact with eyes or skin causes irritation. (USCG, 1999)

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

no data available

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Water may be ineffective on fire. Fire Extinguishing Agents: Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide (USCG, 1999)

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Excerpt from ERG Guide 128 [Flammable Liquids (Water-Immiscible)]: HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Those substances designated with a (P) may polymerize explosively when heated or involved in a fire. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are lighter than water. Substance may be transported hot. For hybrid vehicles, ERG Guide 147 (lithium ion batteries) or ERG Guide 138 (sodium batteries) should also be consulted. If molten aluminum is involved, refer to ERG Guide 169. (ERG, 2016)

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store apart from foodstuff containers or incompatible materials.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

Component	3,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ene					
CAS No.	13466-78-9					
	Limit value - Eight hours		Limit value - Short term			
	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³		
Belgium	20					
Canada - Ontario	20					
Sweden	25	150	50 (1)	300 (1)		
	Remarks	•				
Sweden (1) 15 minutes average value						

Biological limit values

no data available

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

Thermal hazards

no data available

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state Liquid. Liquid.

Conform to requirements of company (method DRT 6903). Colour

Odour no data available

Melting point/freezing point

< -80 °C. Atm. press.:1 atm. **Boiling point or initial boiling**

Ca. 170.2 °C. Atm. press.:Ca. 1 027 hPa. Remarks:Fisrt determination.;Ca. 170.2 °C. Atm. press.:Ca. 1 028 hPa. Remarks:Second determination.;Ca. point and boiling range 169.7 °C. Atm. press.:101.3 kPa. Remarks:Corrected value with the Sydney

Young equation.

Flammability no data available no data available Lower and upper explosion

limit/flammability limit

47 °C. Atm. press.:Ca. 1 atm. Flash point 260 °C. Atm. press.:99 790 Pa. Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature no data available no data available

Kinematic viscosity dynamic viscosity (in mPa s) = < 1.5. Temperature: 20°C. Remarks: Shear rate =

264 s-1.; dynamic viscosity (in mPa s) = < 1.5. Temperature: 40°C. Remarks: Shear rate = 264 s-1; dynamic viscosity (in mPa s) = < 1.5.

Temperature: 20° C. Remarks: Shear rate = 264 s-1. In water: 3.7 mg/L. Temperature:20 °C. pH:4.

Solubility Partition coefficient n-

octanol/water

log Pow = 4.38. Temperature:37 °C. Remarks:Standard error: 0.05.

273 Pa. Temperature:20 °C.;354 Pa. Temperature:25 °C. Vapour pressure

Density and/or relative density 0.863. Temperature:20 °C.

Relative vapour density no data available Particle characteristics no data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No rapid reaction with air. No rapid reaction with water.

10.2 Chemical stability

no data available

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

CARENE may react vigorously with strong oxidizing agents. May react exothermically with reducing agents to release hydrogen gas. In the presence of various catalysts (such as acids) or initiators, may undergo exothermic addition polymerization reactions. Will attack some forms of plastics (USCG, 1999).

10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

10.5 **Incompatible materials**

no data available

Hazardous decomposition products 10.6

no data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

- Oral: no data available
- Inhalation: no data available
- Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

TLV-A4

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

- Toxicity to fish: LC50 Danio rerio, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Lepomis macrochirus, Pimephales promelas, Oryzias latipes, Leuciscus idus - 0.32 mg/L - 96 h.
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 Daphnia magna 0.8 mg/L 48 h.
- Toxicity to algae: EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Desmodesmus subspicatus, Scenedesmus quadricauda 1.2 mg/L 72 h.
- Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50 activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage 326 mg/L 3 h. Remarks:Respiration rate.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN Number

ADR/RID: UN2319 (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: UN2319 (For reference only, IATA: UN2319 (For reference only, please check.)

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: TERPENE HYDROCARBONS, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: TERPENE HYDROCARBONS, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: TERPENE HYDROCARBONS, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 (For reference only, please IMDG: 3 (For reference only, please IATA: 3 (For reference only, please check.)

14.4 Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: III (For reference only, IMDG: III (For reference only, IATA: III (For reference only,

please check.) please check.) please check.)

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number
3,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ene	13466-78-9	236-719-3	
European Inventory of Existing Comm	Listed.		
EC Inventory	Listed.		
United States Toxic Substances Contr	Listed.		
China Catalog of Hazardous chemical	Not Listed.		
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals	Listed.		
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals ar	Listed.		
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory	Listed.		
Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing	Listed.		
Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECI	L)		Not Listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date July 15, 2019 **Revision Date** July 15, 2019

Abbreviations and acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

- IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en
- CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

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